

2nd BCT, 101st ABN DIV (AASLT) "STRIKE HISTORY" 06 April – 12 April 2014



06 April 1968	1-502 IN had a day of light contact throughout the battalion. Delta Company engaged 10 VC vic. YD4840 resulting in 3 VC KIA.
06 April 1968	Alpha Company, 2 nd Battalion, 501 st Infantry was in a major clash with a sizable NVA unit 35km northwest of Hue in Quang Tri Province.
06 – 08 April 1968	Operation JEB STUART/CARENTAN: At 0705, A/2-502 Vic YD633074 began a two day long contact with a major size NVA force. Initially, 2 NVA were engaged while reconning the well-used trail found the previous evening. At 1337H, vic627077 lead Platoon moving W-SW down a finger came behind an enemy ambush of approximately 20-30 NVA in 2 locations. They engaged the enemy with SA while the enemy returned fire with AW, SA grenades, and HMG. At 1540H, in the same area, a Medevac chopper was shot down by enemy rockets while conducting a hoist dust-off for A Co. On the following day at 0655H vic. YD629076 A Co. received SA fire while conducting a movement to expand the perimeter. Throughout this day A Co. continued to receive sniper and AW fire, RPG, and 82mm mortar fire. B Co. departed TAC-CP at 1725H and moved to reinforce A Co. B Co. during this day it had 7 separate contacts on the trails leading into A Co. perimeter. B Co. closed with A Co. late that afternoon and formed a joint perimeter for the night. On 08 April, the two companies expanded the perimeter and completed the Medevac then moved back to the TAC-CP. Results: 2 US KHA, 30 US WHA, 21 NVA KIA and captured 3 AK-47, 2 SKS.
07 April 1968	D/1-502 IN continued searching the area in vic. YD4864 resulting in 5 VC KIA. The other units conducted search and clear operations and ambushes with negative contact.
07 April 1991	Iraq accepts United Nations cease-fire conditions and resolutions.
07 April 2011	2nd Battalion, 502nd Infantry Regiment conducts Transfer of Authority (TOA) with 1st Battalion, 32nd Infantry Regiment, 3rd Brigade, 10th Mountain Division at FOB Howz-e-Madad.
08 April 1968	A/1-502 IN found an arms cache while conducting RIF vic. YD5325. They found 3 M1 rifles, 1 SMG, 160 rounds S/A. Company "B" received automatic weapons fire vic. YD6025, suffering 2 WIA. They returned fire with unknown results. Company "C" (-) remained at Camp Evans preparing for future operations and conducting training. (1-502 Unit Annual Historical Supplement)
08 April 1970	Operation TEXAS STAR: 2-502 Battalion minus went OPCON to the 2BDE, and A Company went OPCON to the 3BDE occupying FSB Jack. While operating under control of 2BDE, the Battalion conducted screening operations throughout the area south of FSB Arsenal (ZD118014). Contact in the area was light. Upon insertion into the area, D Company encountered booby traps on an LZ at YC165942, wounding one Soldier. The booby traps were old, and there was no evidence of any recent enemy activity. Recon was the first STRIKE Force unit to make enemy contact in the new area. Five enemy were engaged by a reconnaissance sniper team, resulting in one enemy killed. ARA was employed as a follow-up. (2-502 Unit History, Vietnam 1970; Approved by LTC Lloyd N. Cosby, IN Commanding)













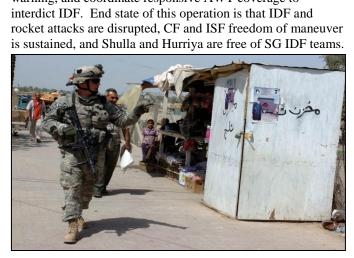
10 April 1968	A/1-502 IN NDP vic. YD5325 received satchel charges, RPG rounds, and S/A fire. Negative casualties) They returned fire with unknown results. Company D conducted security of Phong Dien Bridge and local ambushes. One of these ambushes vic. YD4937, engaged 4 VC with negative results. Recon killed 3 VC vic. YD 5231. (1-502 Unit Annual Historical Supplement)
10 April 1968	Operation CARENTAN II: Companies A, B, and D/2/501st Airborne, 2 nd Brigade, 101st Airborne Division encounter an estimated two battalions of the 812th NVA Regiment near the village of Thon Phuoc Dien 12 miles southeast of Quang Tri. Casualties: U.S. 7 KIA and 35 WIA; enemy 66 KIA. (Weider History Group; Vietnam War: The Battle for Vietnam; 40 years today-A Vietnam War Timeline)
10-11 April 1968	2-501 cordons Thon Phuoc Dien, resulting in 70 NVA KIA and 13 PWs and 100 lbs of rice captured.
10 April 1968	Operation JEB STUART/CARENTAN: At 1015H, C/2-502 vic. YD639098 with the 3-5 Cavalry Platoon on a convoy security mission on Hwy 547, received AW and RPG from an unknown size enemy force in the tree line on the north side. Engaged the enemy with SA, AW, Arty, Mortars, fire power from the Calvary Platoon and Light Fire Teams. Units continued to receive enemy SA and RPG fire and several rounds of mortars of an unknown size. C Co. with Cav. Plt assaulted and took the tree line and later the enemy tried a counter attack but was beaten back. Results: 3 US WHA, 9 NVA KIA and captured: 1 RPG, 1 RPD, 3 AK-47, 2 SKS.
10 April - July 2008	Operation STRIKE SILVER JETS: Elements of 1-320 FAR clear over 40km of road with EOD in support of 1-502IN, 1-64AR, and 1-75CAV, destroying enemy fighting positions and clearing the way for 2BCT and ISF to engage Special Groups Criminals. As a direct result of the battalion's actions, ISF were able to construct and maintain six new checkpoints across Shulla and Ghazaliyah, greatly contributing to the security of the AO.
10 April 2011	SGT Jamie Jarboe (A/4-4 CAV) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received when insurgents attacked his dismounted patrol with small arms fire.
11 April 1968	Two days of fighting by A, B, and D Company's, 2 nd BN, 501st IN, was conducted as another village full of NVA was cordoned 10 miles northeast of Hue along the "Street without Joy". A sweep of Phong Dien village following a night of constant bombardment resulted in 66 enemy dead and 26 weapons captured. Meanwhile paratroopers of A and C Company's 1st BN 501st IN and A, B, and C Companies of 82nd 1st BN 505th IN ended a week-long search and destroy mission along the Song Bo, three miles northwest of Hue. Army aviation, artillery, tactical air and the airborne troopers combined to kill 200 enemy and capture 44 weapons. (Rendezvous with Destiny; Screaming Eagle Diary; July 1968)
11 April 1968	Operation JEB STUART/CARENTAN: At 1045H, B/2-502 vic. YD614080 spotted 2 NVA in green uniforms moving along Hwy 547. They engaged the enemy with SA, AW, and M-79 but with negative results. AT 1155H, B Co. heard digging while B Co, (-) was moving up to contact area they came under mortar fire at 1230H from YD597078. Counter mortar fire was placed on this grid by artillery and mortars. Also an immediate airstrike was called, with two flights put in at this location. At 1340H, the platoon from A/2-5 CAV was dispatched to aid B Co. Contact continued unit 1610H with the enemy in the tree line firing SA, AW, and RPG's. At 1530H, B Co. found 2 fresh grave vic. YD605080, with NVA killed by artillery. Results: 16 US WHA, 3 NVA KEA
11 April 2003	Strike Brigade, on orders from 101 st Airborne Division, repositions by air assault and ground movement from Karbala and west of Al Hillah to Southern Baghdad. By noon, the Brigade had searched and secured dozens of separate military facilities, most of which were artillery and air defense artillery. Multiple munitions caches and weapons (ZSU-23-4, D-30s, T62 tanks, ROLAN ADA systems, and military trucks) were located
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	and destroyed. By late afternoon, the Brigade attacked north deeper into Baghdad ahead of schedule encountering sporadic enemy direct fire, capturing 10 EPWs and destroying 17 truckloads of artillery, mortars, RPG rockets, and other stockpiles of ammunition. The Battalion continued to operate in Baghdad for 2 weeks, conducting multiple cordon and search operations within this densely populated area. Over seven areas contaminated by unexploded ordinance were cleared using friendly demolitions. In addition, the Soldiers conducted both mounted and dismounted patrols that maintained law and civil order in the area. 526 FSB FLE moves forward with the Brigade TOC elements to set up operations at a food processing plant at the southern edge of Baghdad. Over the next two weeks, the main body of the FSB moved operations to the military airfield in Al Iskandariyah while the FLE provided full-spectrum logistics support to the Brigade forces operating in Baghdad.
12 April 1967	Task Force Oregon is formed in the South Vietnam in response to MACV's need for reinforcements in I Corps. The task force is stationed at Chu Lai (Quang Tin Province) and is made up of the following units: 25 th Infantry Divisions; 3d Brigade (1-14 th IN, 1-35 th IN, 2-35 IN); 101 st Airborne Division 1 st BDE: 1-327 th ABN, 2-327 th ABN, 2-502 ABN); 19 th Light Infantry Brigade (2-1 st IN, 3-21 st IN, 4-31 st IN); 11 th Armored Cavalry Regiment (2 nd SQDN)
12 April 1968	B/1-502 IN had the only contact. They engaged 5 VC vic. YD5830 with negative results. (1-502 Unit Annual Historical Supplement)
12 April 1968	While investigating digging sounds in action 20 miles southwest of Hue, airborne infantrymen from B/2-502 IN detected six NVA and took them under fire. Elements of the 9th Division's 3rd BN 5th CAV swept the suspected enemy area with the paratroopers. B Company riflemen engaged the NVA Company, using organic weapons, and swept over the enemy bunker positions. The NVA force broke contact, leaving 20 dead behind. (Rendezvous with Destiny; Screaming Eagle Diary; July 1968)
12 April 2006	Operation VISION QUEST: D/1-502 conducts a Cordon and knock and successfully detains the 5 AIF believed to be involved in a catastrophic IED attack.
12 - 24 April 2006	Operation DESERT SCORPION: B/1-502 and SCTS/1-502 conduct multiple Air Assaults and Search and Attacks to gain intelligence on the AIF responsible for the downing of an AH-64 aircraft in vicinity of Rushdi Mulla.
12 April 2008	Operation STRIKE HAWKEYE: Strike Brigade disrupts indirect fire in Kadhimiya Security District in order to prevent attacks on CF and ISF. Key tasks of this operation include area reconnaissance to disrupt historical POO sites, ISR support of NAI's to prevent IDF attacks and provide early warning, and coordinate responsive AWT coverage to











During this week, in the span of 72 years since the 502nd Parachute Infantry Regiment originated in July 1941 as the 502nd Parachute Battalion, an experimental unit formed to test the doctrine and tactics of parachute assault, the following awards were awarded to members of 2BCT and the 502nd IN Regiment.

13 x Silver Star Medal (2 x Posthumously)
14 x Bronze Star Medal with Valor
16 x Army Commendation Medal with Valor
6 x Bronze Star Medal (3 x Posthumously)
93 x Purple Heart (58 x Posthumously)
2 x Non-Hostile Injury or Illness

06 April 1968 SP4 Paul F. Newman Jr. (C/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received from small arms gun fire wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam. Died from wounds on 05 March 1986.

06 April 1968The following Soldiers: SP4 Frederick E. Love (Pictured), PFC Daniel A. Rocha, PFC
James R. Sanford Jr., PFC Lee A. Watson (Pictured) (C/1-501 IN) earned the Purple
Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their
deaths from small arms gun fire wounds North of Hue, in the Thua Thien Province.



06 April 1968



The following Soldiers: SGT Benito B. Rodriguez (C/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from multiple fragmentation wounds North of Hue, in the Thua Thien Province.

06 April 1968

The following Soldiers: SFC Jose Brenes-Escobar, SSG Joseph S. Nitka (Pictured), SSG Donald L. Wall (Pictured), SGT Lee A. Bowden (Pictured), SP4 Robert E. Cook (Pictured), PFC Paul P. Davis, PFC Alfred D. Smith Jr. (Pictured) (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from small arms gun fire wounds when their unit came under hostile mortar and small arms fire, 35KM NW of HUE, in the Quang Tri Province, South Vietnam. (Pictures L-R)











PFC Richard M. Bargar (A/2-501 IN) earned the Bronze Star Medal and Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from gunshot wounds while on an operation when the unit came under hostile mortar attack and small arms fire.

The following Soldiers: SGT Ivan R. Febo-Betancourt and PFC Daniel R. Twitty (Pictured) (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths. They received multiple fragmentation wounds when their unit came under hostile mortar and small arms fire, 35KM NW of

HUE, in the Quang Tri Province, South Vietnam.

06 April 1968



06 April 1968

PFC James E. Silfee (A/2-501 IN) earned the Bronze Star Medal and Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gun fire wounds when his unit came under hostile mortar and small arms

06 April 1968



06 April 1968

1SG Alan R. Haugen (B/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from fragmentation wounds while on a combat operation when hit by fragments from a hostile anti-tank round in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

fire, 35KM NW of HUE, in the Quang Tri Province, South Vietnam.

SGT Mark O. Charette (B/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from explosive device wounds when hit by the blast from a hostile booby trap in the Quang Tri Province, South Vietnam.

SP5 Robert P. Lyons (Pappa DOC) (HHC/1-501 IN) died from Non-hostile causes as a ground casualty from a Non-crew helicopter crash over land in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.



06 April 1970 The following Soldiers: CPT Alvin Hennigan (B/1-502 IN); SP4 Garry L. Kufahl, SP4 Lewis E. Jones, SGT Randy S. Larson, SP4 Lloyd G. Penrose, SGT Charles Reed, SSG Michael W. Riddle, SP4 Johnnie A. Taylor (C/1-502 IN) earned the Bronze Star Medal with Valor for heroism in connection with military operations against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam.

06 April 1970 The following Soldiers: SGT Michael J. Bauschett (1-OLC), 2LT Robert A. Clark (1-OLC), SP4 Melvin C. Goerge (1-OLC), SP4 August A. Janke III, PFC Stephen F. Jeannotte, PFC Joseph W. King, PFC Neal H. Lawhorn, PFC Carrol W. Luker, SP4 Emmit L. McGee Jr., PVT Warrn Mills, SGT Charles P. Reed Jr., 2LT Dennis L. Stuart (C/1-502 IN) earned the Army Commendation Medal with Valor for heroism in the Republic of Vietnam.

06 April 20062LT Mark Ivey (A/1-502 IN) actions in combat earned him the Army Commendation
Medal with Valor and the Purple Heart. While conducting a mounted patrol in southwest
Baghdad, 2LT Ivey's M1151P vehicle struck a catastrophic pressure plate IED. Despite







	minor injuries to his forehead and right arm and the high risk of secondary IEDs, indirect fire, and small arms fire, he pulled himself from the crash. 2LT Ivey then began to pull his men from the wreck and assisted in lifting the remains of the once six ton vehicle in order to save the life of PFC Standiford who was pinned underneath.
06 April 2006	PFC Alexander R. Foust (A/1-502 IN) actions in combat earned him the Army Commendation with Valor. While conducting a combat patrol in southwest Baghdad, one of the platoon's M1151P vehicles struck a catastrophic pressure plate IED. PFC Foust showed no regard for his personal safety by running towards the crash site despite the high risk of secondary IEDs, indirect fire, and small arms fire. With the aid of his squad members, PFC Foust helped lift the once six ton vehicle in order to save the life of PFC Standiford who was pinned underneath.
06 April 2006	PFC Andrew Standiford (A/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received while conducting a mounted patrol when his vehicle struck a pressure plated IED. He received wounds to his right leg.
06 April 2006	SSG Raymond Lee (A/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received as a result of enemy or hostile action.
06 April 2006	SSG Walter Wolfe (A/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received when an IED detonated 2 meters away from SSG Wolfe while conducting an IED patrol. He suffered a ruptured ear drum during the attack.
06 April 2006	PFC Joseph Parks (A/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received while conducting a mounted IED patrol, a pressure plated IED detonated under an up-armored M1151P. PFC Parks received wounds to his right elbow and right leg.
06 April 2008	PFC Shane Penley (2-502 IN), 19, of Sauk Village, Illinois; earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received while at Patrol Base Copper, Iraq, from wounds sustained while on duty at a guard post.

SP4 Graham L. Mills (A/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gunfire wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

07 April 1969



CPL Thomas J. Vassal (A/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from other explosive device wounds when the area came under rocket attack by hostile force at NDP site 1KM W-SW of FSB Tennessee, 10 KM North or A Sap Village, in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

08 April 1969

SP4 Dennis L. Roads (A/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from multiple fragmentation wounds in the Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.









The following Soldiers: SP4 Tony Palacios (Pictured) and PFC Townser Steele Jr. (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from small arms gunfire wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

08 April 1969



PFC Jimmy R. Westmoreland (A/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from other explosive device wounds in the Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.

08 April 1968	CPT Nathan N. Miller (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received when he received shrapnel from an enemy rocket in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.
08 April 1970	SP4 Daniel F. Whybrew (B/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received during action in combat against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam. (General Order Number 4492, 22 April 1970)
08 April 2006	SPC Derek Knight (A/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received from enemy or hostile action.
09 April 1967	The following Soldiers: SGT George Tallman, PFC John W. Charlton (HHC/2-502 IN) and PFC Allen W. Porter (B/2-502 IN) earned the Bronze Star Medal for Meritorious Service. These Soldiers also died from wounds sustained when hit by fragments form friendly grenade which accidentally detonated while drawing supplies for a mission in the Khanh Duong Province, South Vietnam.
09 April 1968	The following Soldiers: PFC Floyd D. Turnley (A/2-501 IN); PFC John D. Olson (B/1-501 IN); SGT William M. Halliburton SP4 Cecil Nix Jr., SP4 William C. McKinstry, SP4 Stephen L. Havas (C/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for

09 April 1968



The following Soldiers: SGT Roland E. Moore, Ricky G. Inlow (A/1-501 IN); PFC Douglas G. Thompson (C/1-501 IN); PFC Patrick C. Coughlin (Pictured) (A/1-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from small arms gunfire wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

wounds received in action. (HQ, 101st ABN DIV; General Order Number 6852)

09 April 1968



SGT Joseph R. Paulette (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gunfire wounds in the Quang Tri, Republic of Vietnam.







09 April 1968	PFC David F. Wagner (B/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from multiple fragmentation wounds in the Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.
09 April 1969	The following Soldiers 1LT Bruce T. King and SP4 Delmar C. Dennis (E/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from multiple fragmentation wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.
09 April 1970	SP4 Lenard D. Blachly (B/2-501 IN) was awarded the Purple Heart for wounds sustained in combat in the Republic of Vietnam. (Purple Heart Citation)
09 April 1970	PFC Thomas L. Gates (B/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received from small arms gunfire wounds in the A Shau Valley, 24 Miles W-SW of Hue in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam. (PFC Gates later died from wounds on 25 November 1986)
09 April 1970	The following Soldiers: SSG James D. Mace, CPL Herman A. Clay Jr., CPL Leroy Nelson CPL Charles G. Salman (Pictured) (P/2 501 IN) correct the Pumple Heart



Nelson, CPL Charles G. Selman (Pictured) (B/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from multiple fragmentation wounds from in the A Shau Valley, 24 Miles W-SW of Hue in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

09 April 1970



09 April 2006

SFC John B. Mullis (E/1-501 IN) died from Non-hostile causes (Illness or Disease) as a ground casualty in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

PFC Calvin Williams (B/1-75 CAV) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received in the result of enemy or hostile action.

10 April 1968



The following Soldiers: CPL Wayne A. Slankard, PFC James A. Palenik Jr. and SP4 Clyde C. Collins (Pictured) (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from small armed gunfire wounds during a firefight with elements of the 812th NVA REG vic. Thon Phuoc Dien, Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.

10 April 1968



The following Soldiers: CPL Jonathan Neal and SP4 Alan R. Gault (Pictured) (B/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from small arms gunfire wounds in the Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.







10 April 1968

PFC Ronald Davis (A/1-502 IN) earned the Bronze Star Medal and Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small armed gunfire wounds during a firefight with elements of the 812th NVA REG vic. Thon Phuoc Dien, Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.

1968The following Soldiers: SGT Douglas B. Keefauver (A/2-501 IN) (1-OLC); PFC Clayton
Caldwell (B/2-501 IN); PFC Michael E. Saltis (B/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart for
military merit and for wounds received in action during combat operations. (HQ, 101st
ABN DIV; General Order Number 3971)

Republic of Vietnam.

PFC Lawrence W. Eller (D/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from burns during a firefight with elements of the 812th NVA REG vic. Thon Phuoc Dien, Thua Thien,

10 April 1968



10 April 1968



PFC Bryan T. Mukai (B/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from multiple fragmentation wounds during a firefight with elements of the 812th NVA REG vic. Thon Phuoc Dien, Thua Thien, Republic of Vietnam.

The following Soldiers: CPL Oliver E. Reynolds Jr., SP4 William F. Baggs Jr., SP4 Thomas G. Manderfeld (Pictured) (C/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from multiple

fragmentation wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

10 April 1969



10 April 1969



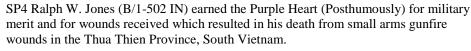
SGT Joseph F. Spinnicchia (C/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gunfire wounds in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.





SSG Donald W. Sistrunk (B/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gunfire wounds from an NVA Sniper as he approached a helicopter landing zone in the Re-Up Hill Area, in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.

10 April 1971











SP4 Kenneth E. James (B/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gunfire in the Darlac Province, South Vietnam.

11 April 1968

The following Soldiers: PFC John A. Hoggatt (A/2-501 IN); CPL Dellwyn A. Fitch (Pictured) and PFC William L. Kinnard (Pictured) (B/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from multiple fragmentation wounds in the Phuoc Dien 10km NE of Hue, Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam. (Pictured L-R)



- 11 April 1970The following Soldiers: SGT Terry L. Heaton, SGT Jeffrey J. Joseph, SP4 Larry L.
Parkhurst, SP4 Jorge L. Perez-Rios, SP4 Alred, D. Rhodus, SP4 Gary E. Cousins, and
PFC Robert D. Wigglesworth (B/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and
for wounds received during action in combat against a hostile force in the Republic of
Vietnam. (Headquarters 101st Airborne Division (Airmobile); General Order Number
4492; 22 April 1970)
- 11 April 1971 PFC Kenneth E. Mims (B/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from other explosive device wounds while on a combat operation when a booby trap detonated 8 KM E-SE of Phu Loc, in the Thua Thien Province, South Vietnam.
- 11 April 2008 SPC Nathaniel G. Zimdars (B/1-64 AR) earned the Bronze Star Medal with Valor while assigned as a gunner during OIF; he demonstrated tremendous leadership and personal courage.

Thien Province, South Vietnam.

12 April 1968



12 April 1968

The following Soldiers: PFC Michael W. Miller (C/1-501 IN); PFC Donald J. Boaz (B/2-502 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from multiple fragmentation wounds in the Thuan Thien Province, South Vietnam.

The following Soldiers: SP4 Byron N. Jones and PFC Jones E. Tomlinson (Pictured) (C/1-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in their deaths from small arms gunfire wounds in the Thuan

12 April 1971



SSG John V. Wentworth (A/2-501 IN) earned the Purple Heart (Posthumously) for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death from small arms gunfire wounds while at an aircraft landing zone when the area came under attack by a hostile force 4 KM SE of LZ Veghel, in the Thua Hien Province, South Vietnam.









12 April 2011

SGT William Allmon (1-64 AR) 25, of Ardmore, Oklahoma; earned the Purple heart for military merit and for wounds received which resulted in his death when his vehicle encountered an improvised explosive device in Baghdad.

SPC Curtis Brunk (A/4-4 CAV) earned the Purple Heart for military merit and for wounds received when insurgents attacked his dismounted patrol with small arms fire.

STRIKE HISTORY (Citation's and Awards):

06-07 April 1968



LTC Howard H. Danford (HHC/2-502 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal (1-OLC); Lieutenant Colonel Danford distinguished himself by gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 6 and 7 April 1968, while serving as Battalion commander for the 2nd Battalion (Airborne) 502nd Infantry. During a search and destroy mission Company A became heavily engaged with an estimated two companies of North Vietnamese Army Soldiers lodged in well-concealed bunkers with interlocking fields of fire. Three casualties were taken in Company A in the initial contact. The company commander recoiled from the contact in order to set up a perimeter to get out his wounded and to prep the area with artillery prior to continuing the attack. The perimeter quickly became under intense sniper fire from the surrounding trees. This fire included automatic weapons and occasional RPG rockets. Casualties continued to mount up until approximately ten men were wounded. A Medevac helicopter, on its final approach to the area, received automatic weapons fire and was shot down just outside the perimeter. A recovery force reached it and brought back the three wounded crew members. Company A now had thirteen wounded to care for. The company commander called Lieutenant Colonel Danford to inform him of the situation. Realizing the seriousness of the situation, he alerted Company B to be prepared to move to assist A Company. Word came in to the TAC-CP that A Company was continuing to take casualties and Lieutenant Colonel Danford then ordered Company B to move to A Company's assistance. He personally took charge of the relief force and moved with them on the ground. His presence had an electrifying effect on the troopers on B Company. They increased their alertness and aggressiveness because they realized, because of his presence, how important their mission was. They moved out late in the afternoon, and traveled well into the night. At approximately 1200 hours the following day, contact was made with an estimated squad of NVA Soldiers in bunkers. Lieutenant Colonel Danford was everywhere in the resulting fire fight, shouting encouragement and advice to all his men. He exposed himself to the intense hail of enemy fire with complete disregard for his own personal safety. B Company assaulted and result was two NVA killed and capturing two individual weapons. He then reorganized the relief force and continued on to the beleaguered A Company. At approximately 1500 hours the relief force succeeded in breaking through the NVA forces to relieve A Company. The A Company commander was wounded and Lieutenant Colonel Danford assumed command of the element and immediately initiated sweeps to clear the area, supervised the preparation of an LZ and personally supervised the evacuation of all the wounded. Lieutenant Colonel Danford's presence in the midst of the fire swept battle area calmed the troops and reassured them. He appeared to be everywhere giving encouragement and advice. Lieutenant Colonel Danford's outstanding display of gallantry in action and his devotion to duty are in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflects great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.







1LT Donald A. Bailey (C/1-502 IN) was awarded the Army Commendation Medal with Valor for heroism in the Republic of Vietnam on 6 April 1970. Lieutenant Bailey distinguished himself while serving as commanding officer of Company C, 1st Battalion (Airmobile), 502nd Infantry, at Fire Support Base Arsenal, Republic of Vietnam. When the fire base came under an enemy sapper attack, Lieutenant



Bailey immediately moved to the area of contact. He engaged the insurgents with hand grenades and led a reaction force against the enemy. Despite hostile grenade fire and satchel charges, he directed the fire of his men and repulsed the enemy attack. His actions contributed immeasurably to the successful defense of the fire base. Lieutenant Bailey's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (HQ, 101st ABN DIV, General Orders Number 6042, 29 May 1970)

07 April 1969 SSG Kenneth E. Buesing (C/1-501 IN) was awarded the Bronze Star Medal with Valor for heroism in ground operations against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam on 7 April 1969. Sergeant Buesing distinguished himself while serving as a squad leader in Company C, 1st Battalion (Airmobile), 501st Infantry, during an ambush near Ap Phu Bai II in Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. An element of Company C came in contact with a squad size element of Viet Cong rice carriers. Quickly gaining fire superiority, the element of Company C drove the insurgents from the area. Sergeant Buesing volunteered to accompany his platoon leader in pursuit of the fleeing insurgents. With utter disregard for his own safety, he subjected himself to the insurgents as he went forward into the darkness. While traveling along a trail near the ambush site, the platoon leader spotted a fleeing hostile soldier. Sergeant Buesing flanked the insurgent and killed him. Sergeant Buesing's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (HQ, 101st ABN DIV; General Order Number 13190)

08 April 1969 CPT Nathan N. Miller (A/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 6 April 1968. Captain Miller distinguished himself while serving as Company Commander of Company A, 2nd Battalion, 501st Infantry. Company A was engaged in a combat operation just south of the Demilitarized Zone near Quang Tri city, Republic of Vietnam. Several North Vietnamese Army units had been detected massing just to the west of Company A moved to the area as a blocking force. Early in the afternoon, the first platoon, which was on a patrol, came into heavy contact with the enemy. After a prolonged engagement, the platoon leader was wounded and unable to give direction to his platoon. With the situation reaching a serious stage, Captain Miller, who was furnishing security for a fire base with the rest of the company, organized the company to move and started giving instructions to the platoon sergeant of the besieged platoon. While hurriedly moving with the company, Captain Miller continuously directed the first platoon as it attempted to hold out until the rest of the company arrived. Captain Miller's understanding of a situation that he could not see, and his directions, were instrumental in preventing the annihilation of the first platoon. After reaching the battle area, Captain Miller effectively took charge of the situation and was able to pull the first platoon back to safety. In doing this, it was necessary that he expose himself to the enemy fire in order to direct fire on the enemy. In the process, he received a shrapnel wound from an enemy rocket, but determinedly refused to be evacuated until all the wounded had been treated. Despite formidable odds, Captain Miller prevented the destruction of one of his units with incredible insight and courage. Captain Miller's exceptional valor was in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and







reflects great credit upon himself, his unit and the United States Army. (DA, HQ, 101st Air Cavalry Division; General Order Number 5188, 29 August 1968)

08 April 1969



SP4 James S. Schmidt (A/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 8 April 1969. Specialist Schmidt distinguished himself while serving as a medical aidman in the First Platoon of Company A, 2nd Battalion, 501st Infantry. Company A was on a search and clear operation in the mountains southeast of Hue, Republic of Vietnam, when the First Platoon came under intense enemy fire. The platoon immediately began to react and moved to a covered position. From his secure position, Specialist Schmidt saw a comrade hit by the heavy fire. Completely disregarding his own safety, he quickly moved through the enemy fire to try and aid the wounded man. The enemy fire was immediately concentrated on him as he worked his way toward the man, but he continued. Having to move the last twenty meters by crawling, he reached the man and was able to give first aid and move him from his unprotected location. Specialist Schmidt's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

09 April 1970 CPL Herman A. Clay Jr. (B/2-501 IN) (Posthumously) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 9 April 1970. Private Clay distinguished himself while serving as a rifleman in Company B, 2nd Battalion (Airmobile), 501st Infantry, in Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. While set up with his squad in a defensive position on a hill top, Private Clay detected movement to his front and immediately alerted the rest of his squad. Upon investigation he cited a North Vietnamese Army Soldier in the brush preparing to fire at his comrades. Private Clay jumped up into the enemy Soldier's line of fire, engaged him with rifle fire, and sacrificed his own life to save the lives of several of his fellow Soldiers. His actions were an inspiration to his comrades. Private Clay's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

09 April 1970



SP4 John Marks (B/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 9 April 1970. Specialist Marks distinguished himself while serving as a medical aid man in Company B, 2nd Battalion (Airmobile), 501st Infantry, during combat action in Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. When the lead element of his unit was overrun by an enemy force, Specialist Marks immediately volunteered to join a reaction force. After maneuvering to the point of contact, Specialist Marks braved the intense small arms fire to aid the wounded. Moving through the enemy barrage, he administered emergency treatment to severely wounded soldiers and directed his comrades in treating the others. Upon the arrival of medical evacuation helicopters, Specialist Marks moved outside the defensive perimeter to assist in the extraction of wounded personnel. His actions were instrumental in saving many lives. Specialist Marks' personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

09 April 1970 SP4 Lenard D. Blachly (B/2-501 IN) was awarded the Bronze Star Medal with Valor (1-OLC) for heroism in ground combat against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam on 09 April 1970. SP4 Blachly distinguished himself while serving as a rifleman in Company B, 2nd Battalion (Airmobile), 501st Infantry, in Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. Despite severe wounds, he protected five wounded with heavy suppressive fire on an enemy force of unknown size, permitting them to be evacuated. His personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (Bronze Star Medal Citation)







1SG Frederick C. Brander (A/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal (1-OLC) for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1968. First Sergeant Brander distinguished himself while engaged in military operations against an armed, hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1968, while serving with Company A, 2nd



Battalion (Airborne), 501st Infantry. Company A was on a series of search and clear operation just south of the Demilitarized Zone and succeeded in trapping a North Vietnamese unit in the village of Phuc Dien, Republic of Vietnam. In order to prevent the enemy from escaping, the company set up a cordon around the village and stood by as artillery fire and air strikes raked the area. The task of ferreting out the entrenched enemy fell to the first platoon as it began a sweep of the enemy infested village. After advancing a distance of not more than one hundred meters, the lead squad of the platoon was hit by a heavy volume of automatic weapons fire form a number of enemy positions. With the forward movement stalled, First Sergeant Brander raced forward from his position with the company command group. After seeing that the enemy fire was coming from a small dike directly in front of the platoon, he moved around to the left flank so that he could come up on the side of the enemy. Completely disregarding his own safety and defying the enemy fire that was being aimed solely at him, First Sergeant Brander crawled behind the same dike with the three snipers. Completely surprising the three enemy Soldiers, First Sergeant Brander immediately opened fire killing them. With platoon free to advance, First Sergeant Brander jumped up and moved with the platoon as it continued toward its objective. First Sergeant Brander's exceptional valor is in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflects great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

10 April 1968





CPT Cleo C. Hogan Jr. (D1/501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal (1-OLC) for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1968. As part of a combat operation near Quang Tri City, Republic of Vietnam, Captain Hogan led his men in a combat assault on a suspected enemy position. Upon descending into the landing zone, the company began receiving hostile mortar fire. Captain Hogan quickly dispersed his men to lessen the effect of the mortars and then deployed his troops against the enemy force. He halted the advance one hundred and fifty meters from the wood line that contained the enemy positions, and requested gas dispensers to harass the enemy while his company made the attack. As the dispensers were delivered to the company location, the enemy opened fire with small arms and automatic weapons. Captain Hogan, completely disregarding the intensity of the fire, moved forward to position the gas dispensers and then led the attack against the fortified positions. The second platoon leader's radio-telephone operator was killed in the heavy fire, causing a lapse in communications. To maintain control of the attack, Captain Hogan started to move forward toward the second platoon's location; as he did so, the enemy directed a large volume of small arms and rocket fire at him as he raced and crawled across the open rice paddy. While crawling, he spotted two of the enemy firing from a nearby house. Captain Hogan crawled to within thirty-five meters of the location and fired a light anti-tank weapon. One enemy was killed and the other was forced out of the house, where Captain Hogan shot him with his M-16 rifle. Crawling farther, Captain Hogan spotted other enemy in bunker and trench lines and decided to move his company back and call in artillery. After the barrage, an attack was launched to recover the body of the radiooperator, but the hail of enemy fire forced Captain Hogan to again withdraw his company. Two additional companies were airlifted to the location and the area was cordoned for the night. The next day, Captain Hogan led his company in an assault on





the village, killing sixty of the enemy and capturing eleven. Captain Hogan's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

PSG James A. Parr (A/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1968. Platoon Sergeant Parr distinguished himself while serving with Company A, 2nd Battalion, 501st Infantry. Company A was on a search and clear operation south of the demilitarized zone and succeeded in trapping a North Vietnamese unit in the village of Phuc Dien, Republic of Vietnam. In order to prevent the enemy from escaping, the company set up a cordon around the village and stood by as artillery fire and air strikes were called in on the area. The task of ferreting out the entrenched enemy fell to the First Platoon as it began a sweep of the enemy held village. After advancing a distance of not more than 100



meters, the lead element of the platoon was hit by automatic weapons fire from a number of sniper positions. The battle was such that it was almost impossible for the men to continue forward. Knowing that, to stop at that point would be disastrous; Sergeant Parr left his own safe position and moved forward to rally his men. With complete disregard for his own safety, Sergeant Parr exposed himself to the intense enemy fire and led his men on an assault to the edge of the village. His valiant actions greatly aided the platoon in accomplishing its mission. Platoon Sergeant Parr's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

10-11 April 1968 SP4 Harry P. Longbottom Jr. (D/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1968 through 11 April 1968. Specialist Longbottom distinguished himself while serving as a point man with Company D, 2nd Battalion (Airborne), 501st Infantry. Company D was conducting a combat operation in the vicinity of Thon Phuoc Dien, Republic of Vietnam, when Specialist Longbottom's platoon became pinned down by a barrage of enemy grenade, automatic weapons, and machine gun fire. Disregarding his own safety, Specialist Longbottom advanced in the face of a blistering hail of fire, and by using his M-16 rifle and grenade, single-handedly killed three North Vietnamese Soldiers. His courage in the face of grave danger was an inspiration for the other members of his platoon and made it possible for them to reorganize and press the attack further. He therefore played a great part in helping his company to accomplish its mission. Throughout the night and the following morning, the North Vietnamese attempted to break through the friendly forces and again Specialist Longbottom displayed his skills by killing two more enemy Soldiers with a burst of fire from his M-16 rifle. As his platoon advanced the next day, Specialist Longbottom killed one North Vietnamese Soldier within an instant of sighting him and captured another. Specialist Longbottom's devotion to duty and extraordinary heroism over the two day period is in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflects great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (General Order No. Unknown; 27 October 1968)

10 April 1969 SP4 John J. Colna (C/2-501 IN) was awarded the Bronze Star Medal with Valor for heroism in ground combat against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1969. Specialist Colna distinguished himself while serving as a medical aidman in the Third Platoon of Company C, 2nd Battalion, 501st Infantry, on a combat operation in the A Shau Valley, Republic of Vietnam. The Third Platoon had just reached the crest of a hill when it came under heavy automatic weapons, small arms, and rocket propelled grenade fire from an estimated platoon of North Vietnamese Army Soldiers. In the first moments of contact, many men of the lead elements were wounded and required immediate first aid. With the element still receiving heavy volume of enemy fire, and with utter disregard for his own safety, Specialist Colna ran from his rear position to his



10 April 1968





wounded comrades. Completely ignoring the heavy volume of enemy fire he was attracting, he continued to administer emergency first aid to the fallen men. He moved from man to man encouraging them and giving aid, and he remained in his position until the enemy resistance was overcome and he could personally assist in the evacuation of the Soldiers. Specialist Colna's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (HQ, 101st ABN DIV; General Order Number 8552, 10 July 1969)

1LT Valentine J. Zapert (E/1-501 IN) was awarded the Bronze Star Medal with Valor for heroism in ground combat against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam on 10 April 1969. Lieutenant Zapert distinguished himself while serving as a platoon leader in Company E, 1st Battalion, 501st Infantry during the conduct of a search and clear mission approximately twelve kilometers southwest of the village



of Phu Loc, Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. On the cited date, the Reconnaissance Platoon of Company E observed a platoon size enemy force moving in its direction. Setting up a hasty ambush, Lieutenant Zapert deployed his men in a strategic fighting position. In the ensuing battle, with complete disregard for his own safety, he openly moved through the intense fire to his men as he pointed out targets. His actions were most instrumental in routing the enemy force and contributed immeasurably to the death of two enemy Soldiers and the capture of another. Lieutenant Zapert's personal bravery and devotion to duty were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

11 April 1967

10 April 1969



11 April 1967





SP4 Kenneth James (B/2-502 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal (Posthumously). Specialist Four James' element, while moving along a jungle trail which had dense vegetation on both sides, suddenly began receiving a tremendous volume of automatic weapons fire from two platoons of well entrenched enemy soldiers. Specialist James immediately returned fire and deployed his fire team, but the enemy fire was so suppressive that his men could not maneuver against the entrenched enemy. Having had two men wounded by an enemy machine gun and realizing the danger his comrades were in, Specialist James, with complete disregard for his own personal safety, unhesitantly rushed forward, exposing himself immediately to the intense hostile fire, and charged the entrenched machine gun position which had his unit pinned down, As specialist James was conducting his courageous assault on the machine gun position, he was mortally wounded. Specialist James' daring charge gave his men the needed inspiration and courage to sweep forward. In doing so they succeeded in routing the enemy soldiers, causing them to leave their packs and one machine gun behind, Specialist James' heroic action and avid devotion to duty are in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

SSG Ray Archuletta (B/2-502 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action while on a search and destroy mission the point element of the First Platoon, B Company, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 502nd Infantry, suddenly became engaged in a fire fight with an estimated enemy squad reinforced with a light machine gun. As the intensity of the enemy fire increased, Staff Sergeant Archuletta quickly determined the precarious situation of the point element. With complete disregard for his own personal safety, Sergeant Archuletta jumped to his feet and charged through the withering enemy automatic weapons fire to within approximately twenty feet of the enemy machine gun position and threw a hand grenade into the enemy position and captured the enemy





automatic weapon that had been abandoned by the wounded enemy soldier. Sergeant Archuletta quickly returned to his squad and continued to expose himself to the withering enemy fire while deploying his squad and personally directing their fire. Sergeant Archuletta on several occasions moved through the tremendous volume of enemy fire and personally pulled some of his wounded comrades to covered positions. His actions saved the lives of several of his wounded comrades and enabled the platoon to successfully assault and overrun the determined enemy force. Sergeant Archuletta's outstanding display of gallantry in action and his devotion to duty are within the highest military tradition and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (HQ, I Field Force Vietnam; General Order Number 611; 1 August 1967)

11 April 1968

1SG Frederick C. Brander (A/2-501 IN) was awarded the Bronze Star Medal with Valor (1-OLC) for heroism in ground combat against a hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam on 11 April 1968. First Sergeant Brander distinguished himself while serving with Company A, 2nd Battalion (Airmobile), 501st Infantry. Company A was involved in a combat



operation around Phuc Dien, Republic of Vietnam and was able to trap the enemy force in the village and place a cordon around it. The trapped enemy Soldiers were trying desperately to break out of the snare and maintain close contact with the friendly troops so that airstrikes and artillery fire could not be called in. First Sergeant Brander, with utter disregard for his own personal safety, raced back and forth along the edge of the line, encouraging his men and giving directions for preventing the enemy's escape. Because of the lace of a secondary force, it was necessary that every man know how to react instantly. As numerous men were wounded, First Sergeant Brander again exposed himself to the intense automatic weapons fire to treat the men and pull them back from the area of contact. When it became obvious to him that some of the men would have to be evacuated, he prepared a medical evacuation landing zone and personally carried a number of the more seriously wounded to the medical evacuation helicopter. First Sergeant Brander's exceptional valor is in keeping with the highest traditions of the military service and reflects great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army. (HQ, 101st; General Order Number 9432)

SSG Christopher Hoerschelman, (C/1-64 AR) Earned the Bronze Star Medal with Valor. 11 April 2008 SSG Hoerschelman and his B section were conducting a mounted patrol in Hayy Ur, Iraq in order to disrupt enemy freedom of maneuver throughout the sector. SSG Hoerschelman's section was conducting over watch of checkpoint operations on Route Gold 150 meters West of Route Grizzlies. The sections primary task was to over watch the traffic circle facing East into Sadr City as Coalition Forces were conducting route clearance operations from South to North on Route Grizzlies while simultaneously conducting a Corps level barrier emplacement on Route Gold in the southern portion of Sadr City. While traveling North on Route Grizzlies, the Route Clearance Team was struck by an IED. SSG Hoerschelman's vehicle immediately moved East to the Company's limit of advance on Route Gold to provide over watch and security for the element in contact. While maneuvering his Bradley onto Route Grizzlies to provide security, his vehicle received small arms fire from the East buildings and from the South side of Route Grizzlies. During the engagement, SSG Hoerschelman quickly identified and destroyed two enemy insurgents. After the enemy was neutralized, the Route







Clearance Team was able to self recover their vehicle. Moments later, a separate Route Clearance Team along with a barrier emplacement team began operations from East to West on Route Gold in Sadr City. The Route Clearance Team was struck by over five EFPs, engaged by multiple RPG teams and SAF before reaching their objective. As SSG Hoerschelman began to maneuver his vehicle to provide over watch and suppressive fires to the East, he was engaged by two RPGs and SAF from the traffic circle at the Route Gold/Route Grizzlies intersection. His gunner identified the enemy but due to SSG Hoerschelman's innate sense of situational awareness, did not engage due to restricted fire lines and the fact that he knew there were Friendly Forces directly to the East. SSG Hoerschelman then maneuvered his vehicle to allow his gunner the ability to engage and destroy the enemy without any chance of fratricide. SSG Hoerschelman proved his ability to multi-task while engaged on the battlefield by coordinating with the AWT and positioning the section of Bradley's to establish fire superiority over the enemy while leading his vehicle in destroying the enemy RPG teams that had pinned down the barrier emplacement team. During the contact, his wingman's 25mm cannon failed and the vehicle had to retrograde to cover and correct the failure. SSG Hoerschelman held his position with no flank support in an immensely hostile and forward position to provide covering fires to the East for the unit in contact. While fighting without a wingman, the vehicle was left in a vulnerable position with little support. Nevertheless, SSG Hoerschelman continued to engage and destroy the enemy to the East and North. Utilizing his vast knowledge of adjacent unit coordination, he walked the AWT onto hidden enemy positions across Route Grizzlies. As a result of his actions, over 15 insurgents were KIA and the checkpoint was maintained in IA and CF control.

SGT Thomas G. Pitts (C/1-501 IN) was awarded the 12 April 1968 Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action in the Republic of Vietnam on 12 April 1968. Sergeant Pitts distinguished himself while serving as a squad leader with Company C, 1st Battalion (Airborne), 501st Infantry, during an ambush patrol near the village of Ap Duc Trong, Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. The ambush patrol, consisting of two squads, had just set up its ambush site when both the company night defensive position and the ambush patrol came under an intense barrage of hostile automatic weapons, rocket propelled grenade, and hand grenade fire. The initial bursts of fire delivered upon the ambush site critically wounded the platoon leader and seriously



wounded Sergeant Pitts. Refusing medical treatment for himself, Sergeant Pitts immediately assumed command of the ambush element and skillfully organized the defense of the completely encircled position. With utter disregard to his personal safety and the pain he suffered, he courageously exposed himself to the devastating enemy fire as he moved from man to man pointing out targets and lending encouragement to his beleaguered troopers. Withdrawal was impossible without abandoning the many wounded and the dead. When the hostile force had terminated its attack on the patrol all but three men had been wounded. At such time that a relief element could be dispatched it was Sergeant Pitts who directed the element to the patrol's position. Not until the relief element leader had reached his location did Sergeant Pitts relinquish his command and allow himself to receive treatment. Sergeant Pitt's extraordinarily heroic actions and indomitable courage were in keeping with the highest traditions of the military Service and reflect great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

12 April 1971 SP4 Robert J. Ivy (A/2-501 IN) was awarded the Silver Star Medal for gallantry in action while engaged in military operations involving conflict with an armed hostile force in the Republic of Vietnam. Specialist Four Ivy distinguished himself on 12 April 1971 while serving as a squad leader during combat operations in Thua Thien Province, Republic of Vietnam. After being inserted into a landing zone, Specialist Ivy's squad came under







intense small arms, rocket propelled grenade and automatic weapons fire. Organizing his men, he delivered accurate suppressive fire on the well-fortified enemy position. Observing his platoon leader seriously wounded and lying in an open area, Specialist Ivy maneuvered through the enemy fire and carried his wounded comrade to a relatively safe area where he administered emergency first aid. Specialist Ivy assumed the duties of platoon leader and directed the accurate and devastating suppressive fire on the enemy. When the enemy had been silenced, he assisted the wounded back to the landing zone and called for an evacuation helicopter. His actions were instrumental in saving the life of a fellow soldier. Specialist Four Ivy's gallantry in action was in keeping with the highest traditions of the military and military service and reflects great credit upon himself, his unit, and the United States Army.

***STRIKE HISTORY NOTE:**

A major reorganization took place on 3 February 1964, when the 2nd Brigade of the 101st Airborne Division was activated at Fort Campbell, replacing the 1st Airborne Battle Group, 501st Infantry Regiment. The reorganization from the battle groups to brigades and battalions placed two battalions of the 502nd in different brigades of the 101st. The 2nd Battalion was in the 1st Brigade with 1-327th and 2-327th Infantry. Which deployed to Vietnam 1965, in was most notable commanded by LTC Hank "The Gunfighter" Emerson. The new 2nd Brigade's original organic battalions were the 1st and 2d Battalions, 501st Infantry, and the 1st Battalion, 502nd Infantry.

December 1967, 2nd Brigade deployed by C-141 aircraft to the Republic of Vietnam. Over the next five years, soldiers of the "Ready to Go" Brigade participated in twelve campaigns, compiling a distinguished combat record as well as an enviable reputation for success in the rehabilitation of a war-torn nation. The President of Vietnam personally decorated the colors of the Brigade three times, twice with the Vietnamese Cross of Gallantry, and once with the RVN Civic Action Honor Medal. The Brigade redeployed to Fort Campbell in April, 1972.

In 1984, with the reorganization of the Combat Arms Regimental System, the 2nd Brigade became the parent headquarters for the 1st, 2nd, and 3d Battalions of the 502nd Infantry Regiment. With this reorganization, the Brigade adopted the regimental motto, "Strike."





